BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME. FRIDAY, MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1873. VOLUME XL—NUMBER 277.

BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNING

OFFICE, No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

TERMS—$6.00 per Year,
3.00 for Six Months,
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

at $2 of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, at Two Dollars per Year, *invariably in advance.*

AGENCIES.

Messrs. Pettengill & Co., 10 State St., Boston, are our New York are authorized agents for receiving advertisements and Subscriptions for the Whig and Courier.

S. S. Nutes, Agent, No. 6, Fremont Street, Boston.

Messrs. P. Rowell & Co., Agents, 41 Park Row, New York.

Horace Dodd, Agent, Boston.

Subscriptions under 1 all cases to be paid in advance.

The date affixed to the colored slip shows the time to which the subscription is paid. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires.

Business Cards.

ORGANS.

Organs repaired and tuned by

S. T. COBB.

Also Cabinet Organs and Melodeons for sale at a bargain. No. 5 State Street. Best in market Cabinet Organs for sale cheap.

DR. SERVINE'S BIG RUSH

Pot. Dr. Servine's Celebrated Veterinary Liniment. The best in the world. Sold by Druggists, 6 & 8 Smith Block, and J. F. Carter's, corner State and Exchange sts. Try it. Try it. Try it. July 4

Frank S. Jennison & Co.,

39 Broad St., Old Stand, 39

Are the only authorized persons to sign in behalf of the Firm of JENNISON & PIERCE. They have no other agents.

FRANK S. JENNISON & CO.

Bangor, Nov. 29, 1871. dec2

Notice.

The subscriber has been appointed by the European and North American Railway Company, EMIGRANT AGENT, for the purpose of gathering information of the extent, value and situation of THE LANDS OF MAINE situated on the line of said railway, and otherwise encouraging immigration to this State. He is constantly at the office of the Company, on Washington Street, Bangor Maine, ready to aid all who are seeking information in regard to these lands, or are desirous of taking up and cultivating any portion of them.

JAMES A. PURINTON.

Bangor, June 13, 1871.

Hardick's Patent

CELEBRATED

NIAGARA STEAM PUMP.

These Pumps have been in operation at Dole & Co.'s Works, Front Street, at Barker Brothers' Burnham Works, and at our shop.

We are ready for sale by HINCKLEY & KERR IRON CO., Agents.

Special Notice.

The subscriber, of the firm of E. & S. S. LOW & CO., feels it due to his friends and customers for past patronage long bestowed, and ever firm favors, and begs leave to attend to all orders in the MOVING LINE, Brick, Wood or Stone Buildings, Raised or Moved to order.

Residence, 28 Centre Street. Box 65.

Bangor, April 1, 1873. S. S. LOW.

WM. M. ROBINSON,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

and Solicitor in Bankruptcy,

BANGOR, MAINE.

Piano Forte Tuning

AND REPAIRING,

By S. F. COBB,

Who for many years was manufacturer and tuner of the Piano Fortes.

Orders may be left at Chas. H. Pickering's Music Store, No. 5 State Street.

Prices reasonable. Orders solicited.

NOYES AMES,

DEALER IN

Fine Drugs & Chemicals,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Fancy Goods and Toilet Articles

61 BROAD, corner WATER STREET

BANGOR.

A careful Prescription Clerk always in attendance. may3

REMOVAL.

S. F. COBB

has removed to No. 5 State Street, where may be found a good assortment of

Musical Instruments of all kinds

Sheet Music, Violin and Guitar Strings, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c. mch10

FILES FILES FILES

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 DOZEN FILES,

And am finishing off 100 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported.

Call and see them.

OLD FILE RECUT, as usual.

JOB COLLETT,

EXCHANGE STREET.

State of Maine.

LAND OFFICE,

Bangor, June 27th, 1873.

Permission will be given to cut timber the ensuing winter on the following townships of land situated on the Penobscot and St. John waters, viz:

Township Nos. 7, 8 and 9, range 15; township No. 3 and West part of No. 11, range 17; township No. 1, 6 and 7, range 18; and townships Nos. 6 and 7, range 19. All westerly from the east line of the State.

PARKER P. BURLEIGH,

Land Agent.

jun30 4m

GRANITE NOTICE.

The subscribers have opened a GRANITE QUARRY at Enfield, three miles from Enfield Station. The granite is pronounced by experienced quarrymen to be of good color, excellent quality, and as good cut as any in the State. We will deliver it at any station on the lines of the E. & N. A. Railway and Bangor & Piscataquis Rail, and all orders at specified prices will be promptly filled. Address

WEBB & WEBSTER, Enfield, Maine.

A. J. WEBB,

GILBERT WEBSTER, jun2 6m

Steamers

and SUPERIOR steamers, "Forest City" and "Kennebec" Daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows:

Leave Boston same days.

Will be fitted up with staterooms and state rooms, and comfortable for passengers. Boston and Portland.

Leave Boston for St. Andrews, Calais, Houlton, Eastport, Digby, Annapolis, St. Stephen, Fredericton, St. John, P. E. I. and Halifax.

Freight taken at low rates.

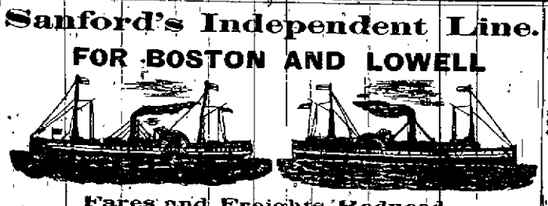
For further information apply to the Company, or to

HENRY CHASE, Agent.

Boston, Nov. 29, 1872.

Sanford's Independent Line.

FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL



Fares and Freights Reduced.

1873. Arrangements for Season of 1873.

Two Steamers on the Route: Four Trips per Week.

FARE ONLY $3.

STEAMER CAMBRIDGE, Capt. J. P. JOHNSON.

STEAMER KATAHDIN, Capt. W. R. ROIX.

Will leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 11 A. M., touching at all the usual landings on the river and bay.

Will leave Boston for Bangor every MONDAY, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., touching as above.

Fares from Bangor, Stimpson, Winterport and Buckspor to Boston, $3.00
do do do do to Lowell, 4.15

may10 d2w LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.

Real Estate.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

In Hopewell, Albert County, New Brunswick, consisting of a Saw Mill, Single Gang, Edgers and Trimmers, with Lath Machine attached. Ample water power. The Mill is now in successful operation, and is turning out about twenty thousand feet per day with one crew. A Tramway connects with a good, new wharf, is easy of access by vessels. There are at the present time about two and one-half million feet of logs in the pond, or a short distance up stream. In connection with the Mill there is about one thousand acres of land and logging privilege available to over a large area of country sufficient to supply the Mill for a number of years. The whole will be sold together and possession given immediately. Apply to

THOMAS MacFARLAN, ESQ.,
Manager Bank B. N. A., St. John, N. B.,
Or, to JAMES CARNWARTH, ESQ.,
Hopewell Albert County.

July 1, 1873. dawtf

Two Valuable Lots For Sale.

One Lot and Stable on Charles and Ohio Sts. One Lot at the head of Court St. with house and store, known as the Pitcher Lot. For further particulars call on

R. A. HEAD.

aug19

For Rent.

ONE TENEMENT. Also, two OFFICES

A. E. POTE,

sep25 tf Kenduskeag Bridge.

For Rent.

Two pleasant front rooms. Table board can be obtained near by. Inquire at 75 Penn St. sept18

Two Nice Suite of Rooms

Suitable for families, with board, at

MRS. STEVENS',

aprl18 Park Street.

Tenements to Rent.

Enquire at the Insurance Office formerly occupied by the late J. W. HATHEWAY, corner Central and Hammond Streets.

H. H. SHERMAN, Adm'r.

April 3, 1872.

FOR RENT.

WHARF and STORE on Broad Street. Wharf planked. Has eighty feet water front. Store 20 by 120 feet. Strong foundations suitable for stoke or other heavy merchandise.

An office goes with the above.

Apply to HINCKS & NEALLEY, on the premises. may13

THE PORTLAND

KEROSENE OIL COMPANY

Would inform the public, that they continue to Manufacture

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL.

The prevalence of large quantity of inferior and dangerous oils in the market, at a cheap price—many of which are little better than Naphtha it self—and the testimony of State reports in regard to the PORTLAND Kerosene Oil, render it a matter of justice to ourselves, as well as safety to consumers, that some notice should be taken of these facts. Therefore, we again present an oil, recently, and would call attention to the high standard of our Oils. THE REFINED PETROLEUM, the fire test of which is 125, THE PORTLAND KEROSENE, the fire test of which is 125 degrees Fahrenheit, and often reaches considerably higher, also, we would say, that we are determined to maintain their long established reputation.

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL COMPANY.

We quote from chap. 39 R. S. 1871, the title of said chapter being "Inspection and sale of Manufactured Articles."

SEC. 31. Every person and corporation engaged in manufacturing petroleum, coal oil or burning fluid, shall cause every cask or other vessel thereof to be so inspected and marked, by a sworn inspector. And if any person manufactures or sells such oil or burning fluid not so inspected and marked in this state or that has not been so inspected and marked as inside for illuminating purposes, he shall pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or be imprisoned six months in the county jail, upon indictment therefor.

Portland, Me., April 21, 1873. may15 6m

PARKS AND SEASIDE TOWNS.

CEMETERIES, COUNTRY PLACES, ROBERT MORRIS COPELAND, LANDSCAPE GARDENER, has ready plans for 32 Park and Camp Meeting Towns, 15 Cemeteries and 500 Public and Private Estates. He furnishes advice, plans and superintendence for all kinds of Suburban and Rural improvements. Office 19 City Exchange, Boston, Mass.; 583 Sansom st., Philadelphia, and Dudley Park, Delaware Co., Pa. M W&S3m

SOMETHING NEW

IN

Wall Papers.

We would call the particular attention of the public to our latest and handsomest styles of Wall Paper, surpassing anything of the kind heretofore offered or manufactured. We have recently placed one of the most elegant patterns of this paper upon the walls of the Reception Parlor connected with Dr. Babcock's Dental rooms, and taking advantage of Dr. B.'s permission, would invite all those who contemplate a purchase of this nature, to call at his rooms and examine it before selecting elsewhere.

CHARLES HIGHT

N. B. These papers come in a great variety of tints. Sample book at store.

jan15 4 WW&M

7 to 12 PER CENT.

We make a specialty of County, City and School District Bonds, Guarantee Legality of Wall Bonds sold, collect the coupons without charge, or take them in so much cash on sales. Send for Free List.

THE LAW OF MUNICIPAL BONDS just published by our senior, should be in the hands of all interested in this class of securities. Two volumes, price $10.

W. N. COLER & CO.,

aug29 6m 17 Nassau St., New York.

HEART DISEASE

CAN BE CURED, AND DR. GRAVES' Heart Regulator Will Do It

GIVE IT A TRIAL,

And You will be Convinced!

The Heart Regulator has been recommended by many physicians, and is allowed by all who know its value to be just what we claim it to be—Cure for Heart Disease.

For circulars of testimonials, &c., address the sole agent.

FRANK E. INGALLS, CONCORD, N. H.

Price $5 per bottle. For sale by one agent in each town.

E. F. BRADBURY, Druggist,

jun28 Bangor, Me. 1y&w

CHARADE.

IN THREE PARTS.

My first is a country on the other side of the world, with a population of about 400,000,000. The people subsist chiefly on rice and fats, and the chief product of the country is

TEA,

My second as seen in this country, consists of the dried leaves of several plants of the genus *thea*, belonging to the natural order of *Tricrotaceae*. The leaves are two or three inches long, and half an inch in an inch broad, and of lanceolate, oblong shape. These leaves, when properly prepared, make a very delicious and gently stimulating beverage, which is among women very much the same as Thackery says the cigar is among men—the great unbosomer of secrets.

My third is just the same place as my whole, being the best place in the State of Maine to buy the best

Teas, Coffees, Spices, &c. &c.

For the least money.

THE ANSWER

My First is CHINA

My Second is TEA

My Third is STORE.

And my whole is the celebrated establishment called the China Tea Store.

The attention of families in the Country is respectfully called to the fact that they can save considerable money and get a better article if they will club together and send to the CHINA TEA STORE. Whole neighborhoods will tell you the same.

We also have always a fresh and perfect stock of CANNED GOODS and all FANCY GROCERIES, EVERYTHING WARRANTED.

China Tea Store,

No. 51, WEST MARKET SQUARE,

BANGOR.

may26 dawtf

NICKEL PLATING

DONE TO ORDER BY

FOGG & BRIDGES,

Agents of the Auburn Nickel Plating Co.

All having Spoons, Cutlery, Bells, etc., etc., in need of plating or re-plating are desired to call and see samples of their work, and satisfy themselves that scores of articles now considered worthless, can be restored at a trifling cost to more than their former worth and beauty. *Nickel Plate will not rust.*

We are also Agents for the sale of Tower's

CELEBRATED NICKEL PLATED LAUNDRY IRONS

THE BEST IN USE.

Fogg & Bridges,

47 West Market Square, Bangor.

Bangor, July 21, 1873. dawtf

Foundry and Machine Shop,

POULTNEY, VERMONT.

Established in 1828.

RUGGLES & CO., Proprietors.

MACHINERY & HEAVY CASTINGS.

SLATE MACHINERY A SPECIALTY.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

july31 3taw4&w3t

Notice!

The undersigned give notice that they have been appointed by the Supreme Judicial Court Receivers of the Maine Mutual Marine Insurance Company of Bangor, and request all persons indebted to said Company to make payment to them, and all those having claims against the Company to present them.

CHAS. P. STETSON,
D. M. HOWARD,
H. S. PRESCOTT,

Bangor, May 21, 1873. may22

Bangor Machine Depot.

An assortment of

New and Second Hand Wood and Iron Working Machinery constantly on hand.

Steam Engines and Boilers

Shafting, Pulleys and Belting in great variety.

Fire Proof Safes, new and second hand, at lowest Boston Prices.

Also, Agent for

Hurlevant's Celebrated Pressure and Exhaust Blowers.

Paints all shades, ready for use, by the gallon

Machinery Oil, &c.

Steam and Gas Piping done to order.

R. W. PRATT,

Depot Block, Exchange Street.

may23 tf

PARIS, 1867. VIENNA, 1873.

The following is received at our New York Office:

"WORLD'S EXPOSITION,
VIENNA, Aug. 19th, 1873.

The WHEELER & WILSON Manufacturing Company has been awarded the Grand Medal of Merit, the Grand Medal of Progress, and is the only Sewing Machine Company recommended by the International Jury for the Grand Diploma of Honor.

(Signed) "WOOD."

aug23 tf

LOOK! LOOK!

ELGIN WATCHES

Waltham Watches

Springfield Watches,

Swiss Watches,

Fine Jewelry,

Spectacle & Eye Glasses

selling cheap, by

J. G. LEONARD, Jr.

No. 8, Smith Block in Bradbury's Drug Store.

Special attention to fine Watch Repairing.

dawtf

JERSEY BULL.

At the Old Town Depot Stable, the best full blooded JERSEY BULL in this State; three years old; raised by F. Strange, of the City who was offered for him when a year months old calf, forty dollars. For Pedigree, reference to said Strange.

June4 DAVID HOWARD & CO.

Providence Tool Company

LEWIS OLIVER & PHILLIPS.

WM. RASKELL & CO. RHODE ISLAND NUT CO.

READING BOLT AND NUT WORKS.

A. W. GIFFORD & CO.

Manufacturers of

Heavy Hardware and Railroad Supplies!

MARINE HARDWARE AND SHIP CHANDLERY,

THE "PROVIDENCE" CLOTHES WRINGER.

J. H. WORK, Agent,

44 Broad Street,

jan25 6 Bangor, Maine.

Steamer Governor Coburn,

Capt. THOMAS ROBINSON,

Will leave Hampden every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, at 5 o'clock, for Bangor, touching at Winterport, Frankfort, Stockton, Prospect, Bucksport, Verona, Orland, Castine, Brooksville, Sedgwick, Deer Isle, Stonington, Isle au Haut, Swan's Island, Southwest Harbor, Tremont, Bernard, Manset, Southwest Harbor, Northeast Harbor, Sound, Bass Harbor, Tremont, Bernard, Manset, Southwest Harbor, Swan's Island, Deer Isle, Stonington, Sedgwick, Brooksville, Castine, Orland, Verona, Bucksport, Prospect, Stockton, Frankfort, Winterport, Hampden, touching at all the usual landings on the river and bay.

Will leave Bangor every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock, for Hampden and intermediate landings.

Freight received on days of sailing only.

Fare to Bucksport, $1.50; to Verona, $1.75; to Orland, $2.00; to Castine, $2.50; to Brooksville, $3.00; to Sedgwick, $3.50; to Deer Isle, $4.00; to Stonington, $4.50; to Isle au Haut, $5.00; to Swan's Island, $5.00; to Southwest Harbor, $5.50; to Tremont, $5.50; to Bernard, $5.50; to Manset, $5.50; to Southwest Harbor, $5.50; to Northeast Harbor, $5.50; to Sound, $5.50; to Bass Harbor, $5.50; to Tremont, $5.50; to Bernard, $5.50; to Manset, $5.50; to Southwest Harbor, $5.50; to Swan's Island, $5.00; to Deer Isle, $4.00; to Stonington, $4.50; to Sedgwick, $3.50; to Brooksville, $3.00; to Castine, $2.50; to Orland, $2.00; to Verona, $1.75; to Bucksport, $1.50; to Prospect, $1.25; to Stockton, $1.00; to Frankfort, $1.00; to Winterport, $1.00; to Hampden, 75 cents.

Children's Boots and Shoes of every description.

Also 'the late and dubby styles Hats and Caps for Fall wear.

Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

HILLS & BOWEN.

sept26

Bowler & Merrill,

BANKERS,

142 Exchange St., Bangor, Me.,

Allow Interest on Deposits

FOR THE FULL TIME

FROM DATE OF DEPOSIT

—TO—

DATE OF WITHDRAWAL.

ALSO ISSUE

Certificates of Deposite,

PAYABLE ON DEMAND

OR AT SOME STATED TIME WITH INTEREST.

Buy and Sell Gold, Silver, Gold Drafts Coupons, Uncurrent Money, United States, State, County, City, Town, and the best Railroad Bonds, National Bank Stocks, Railroad Shares, &c.

Negotiate First Class Business Notes and Acceptances.

Make Collections Promptly.

Furnish First Class BANKERS' DRAFTS, and LETTERS OF CREDIT, available in all parts of the World.

Have for Sale the most desirable Securities for Investment.

dec18 1w sod&w tf

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS

For Inventions, Trade Marks or Designs

No. 76 State Street, opposite Kilby Street, Boston.

After an extensive practice of upwards of thirty years continues to secure patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats prepared, Examinations, and all opinions upon Patents, promptly made on reasonable terms, with the advice freely made to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Invention, and to advise and other information on all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished, by remitting one dollar. Assignments executed in Washington.

My agency in the United States possesses advantages for inventors, not possessed by those who reside at a distance, and who are unfamiliar with the practice and utility of inventions.

All models of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved to inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse."

CHARLES MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they can not employ a more able and faithful agent than Mr. Eddy, and especially in putting their applications in such a form as to secure them as early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office."

EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. Eddy's business is one of unquestionable magnitude and importance. Having been associated with him in business for Patents, I can speak from personal knowledge of his ability and success in the prosecution of claims before the Patent Office."

THOS. P. TUCKER,
Late Examiner in the Patent Office.

Boston, Jan. 2, 1873. 1eowly

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, two insertions,	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half square, one time,	1 00
For half square, three times,	1 25
For half square, one week,	1 50
each week's continuance,	50
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements continued three times a week at two-thirds price (two times a week, one half price; one time a week, one third price).

☞ Advertisements, where the times of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices" 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

"THE LIGHT BRIGADE"—ITS CHARGE AT BALAKLAVA.

It has been popularly decided that Capt. Louis Nolan, of Lord Raglan's staff, being an impetuous soldier, purposely misconstrued the actual meaning of an order which he carried into an authorization of the senseless sacrifice of the Light Brigade at Balaklava, and that his only excuse was that he was the first man killed in the charge. Laurence Poyntz in the *Gatsby*, after reviewing the topography of the battle field and the position of the forces says:

As it was, matters stood thus: when Nolan left Raglan, bearing the "fatal order," the Russians were clustered on two hills, the English and French Cavalry stood looking on. Lucan was in his usual nervous, irritable state, when the gallop of a horse was heard. A tall, slender young officer, with a trim figure and black moustache, was coming down a steep descent at full speed, with a white envelope stuck in his belt; and every eye was on him in a moment.

It was Captain Nolan, in his scarlet shell jacket, a little forage cap set on one side of his dark curls, his face full of joy and eagerness.

An audible murmur went through the ranks.

"Orders come! Nolan's the boy that'll show us the way to move." For Nolan was well-known and universally loved.

In another moment he had dashed up and saluted; then handed his letter to Lord Lucan. The cavalry general tore it open with the nervous hasty character-stic of every movement of his Lordship. When he read it over his countenance changed. Then his Lordship broke out, something in this style:

"Why, good heavens, sir, what can he mean? With the little force at our command we can hardly hold our own; much less advance. It is perfectly suicidal! How can we advance?"

Nolan's eye began to blaze. He had just come from the high ground whence the whole Russian position could be seen at a glance—Knowing that his order contemplated the doubling back of the Russian columns, and saving the guns in the redoubts, he was impatient of the pragmatical objection of this captious old man.

In a stern, distinct tone he spoke to Lord Lucan:

"Lord Raglan's orders are that the cavalry should attack immediately."

"Attack, sir?" cried Lucan, angrily. "Attack what? What guns, sir?"

Nolan threw his head back disdainfully and pointed to the Causeway Ridge, where the Russians were busily at work trying to haul away the captured guns. The group was standing at the right of the entrance of the north valley.

"There, my Lord, is your enemy," he said, "and there are your guns."

The captain forgot that he was talking to an excited and impatientable man. Wrong headed Lucan close to fancy that he pointed to the end of the valley, and with all the obstinacy of his nature kept to the error.

"Very well, sir, very well, sir," he said angrily. "The order shall be obeyed. I wash my hands of it."

He wheeled his horse and trotted off to where Cardigan sat in front of his brilliant lines gnawing his gray moustache and chafing lest his inaction.

Then said wrong headed Lucan:

"Lord Cardigan, you will attack the Russians in the valley."

The Earl dropped his sword in salute.

"Certainly, my Lord; but allow me to point out to you that there is a battery in front, a battery on each flank, and the ground is covered with Russian riflemen."

"I know it," said Lucan snappishly, "it is Lord Raglan's positive order that the Light Brigade is to attack the enemy. We have no choice but to obey."

Then Cardigan bowed his head.

"Very well, my Lord," was all he said.—Then turning to his staff, "The brigade will advance," he said, quietly.

Meantime, Nolan, after his sharp passage of arms with the division commander, had ridden off to the Light Brigade himself, where he was cheerfully talking to his sworn comrade and friend, Capt. Morris, of the Seventeenth Lancers. Now that he had maintained his position as mouthpiece of the Commander-in-Chief, against the impudent fault-finding of Lucan, he felt happy. His beloved cavalry was to be launched at last on this glorious mission against the Causeway Ridge, and already D'Allonville was preparing to assault the other flank of the Russians.

Who can wonder that enthusiastic Nolan told Morris that he was going to see the brigade through the charge? He was his privilege to do so, and his heart beat high with hope.—Little did he know of the extent of pig-headed stupidity natural to the two members of the English aristocracy who respectively commanded and led that charge.

A clear, sharp voice was soon heard in front of the brigade, now formed in three lines. Lord Lucan rode away to the "Heavies," and Nolan galloped round to the rear to the left of the brigade, as the sharp voice cried:

"Light Brigade, forward—trot—march!"

In a moment the front line was away, as steady as if on parade, at a rapid trot, following an erect gentleman, mounted on a chestnut thoroughbred, and wearing light scarlet trousers and a blue fur-trimmed jacket, the front a perfect blaze of gold.

The erect gentleman was as slender in figure, as alert in gesture, as a boy of twenty, and yet that man was fifty-seven years old, and the Earl of Cardigan himself.

But hardly had they started, when Nolan uttered a cry of astonishment and rage.

"Good God! are the fools going to charge down the valley?" he shouted.

Then, setting spurs to his horse, he dashed out of his place, and galloped madly across the front, waving his sword.

"Where are you going, my Lord?" he shouted. "That is not Lord Raglan's order! Change front to the right. This way! This way! The batteries on the ridge!"

Lord Cardigan was as hot tempered in his way as Lord Lucan. The audacity of an officer presuming to cross his front was enough. For that officer to address his brigade was an additional insult. He spoke not a word, but pointed grimly forward with his sword. Nolan's words were lost in the thunder of hoofs, and all that was seen was his figure crossing the front and wildly gesticulating, pointing to the Causeway Ridge.

Then the Russian batteries opened. There was a flash, a boom, and a second flash in the wake, a little cloud of white smoke, and a loud spang! as the first shell burst in the faces of the trotting line. Poor Nolan threw up his arm with a fearful shriek, and fell back in his saddle, stone dead, struck through the heart. Within a few green feet of him the rushing horsemen quickened their pace and dashed, one at a wild gallop, into the valley of Death.

The secret of Balaklava perished with Nolan.

The newly sown wheat along the line of the Michigan Central railroad is already up, and the Detroit Free Press says, that should the weather be favorable for the next two weeks it will be quite green. The acreage sown is nearly one-half more than was sown last year, and the prospects are now quite as promising as they were at this time last year.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM THE PRESIDENT

The following is the full letter of President Grant on specie payments to Mr. Cowdrey, President of the Continental Bank of New York city:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 14, 1873.

My dear Mr. Cowdrey:

Your letter of the 20th ult. was duly received and read, as was your previous letter. Neither required an answer, particularly, and hence I did not answer them at that time. Your last letter, however, contains one sentence that it seems proper I should reply to. That is to an implied threat to the national banks contained in my letter to Messrs. Anthony & Claflin. Nothing was further from my mind than a threat. My whole object was to restore confidence to the public mind and to give assurance that the Government would give all the aid in its power, keeping in view at the same time the solvency of the National Treasury. You and all bank Presidents know more about the condition of your banks than I can possibly know. In turn I, through the Secretary of the Treasury, know more about the financial condition of the Government, its ability to render aid, etc., than any person disconnected from the administration of its affairs can know. I adhered to the fact that the $44,000,000 reserve notes in the Treasury would be regarded as money in the Treasury, subject to use, for the purpose of showing that the means are at hand to give the relief we promised. I do not believe the present panic will work to individuals half the injury it will work general good to the country at large. Our monetary systems is the creation of necessity. It has no elasticity, but in other respects it is the best that has ever been devised. No one now distrusts the value of his paper dollar; on the contrary, it is seized and hoarded with the same avidity now that the gold dollar has been in former like adversity. The panic will call attention to the defects in our monetary system, and will no doubt lead to legislation to relieve the want of elasticity.

The panic has brought greenbacks about to a par with silver. I wonder that silver is not already coming into the market to supply the deficiency in the circulating medium. When it comes, and I predict that it will soon, we will have made a rapid stride toward specie payments. Currency will never go below, silver after that. The circulation of silver will have other beneficial effects. Experience has proved that it takes about $40,000,000 of fractional currency to make the small change necessary for the transaction of the business of the country. Silver will gradually take the place of this currency, and further, will become the standard of values, which will be hoarded in a small way. I estimate that this will consume from two to three hundred millions, in time, of this species of our circulating medium. It will leave the paper currency free to perform the legitimate functions of trade, and will tend to bring us back where we must come to at last, to a specie basis. I confess a desire to see a limited amount of hoarded money. It insures a firm foundation in time of need. But I want to see the hoarding of something that has a standard value the world over. Silver has this, and if we once get back to that our strides toward a higher appreciation of our currency will be rapid.

Our mines are now producing almost unlimited amounts of silver, and it is becoming a question, "What shall we do with it?" I suggest here a solution that will answer for some years, and suggest to your bankers whether you may not imitate it—to put it in circulation now, keep it there until it is fixed and then we will find other markets. The South and Central American countries have asked us to coin their silver for them. There has never been authority of law to do so. I trust it will now be given. When it is given it will be more than the equivalent of bullion to the owners of articles of manufacture, which were previously articles of export. Orders will come for large amounts of coin. It will be all in silver, while payments are not necessarily so. We become the manufacturer of this currency with a profit, and will probably secure a portion of quite a large share of the more precious metal.

I have thought much about the recommendation I should make to Congress, and have changed slightly in regard to banking laws since I last had the pleasure of a personal interview with you. It is not necessary to state what those changes are, because they many undergo further modification. I shall give to the subject, however, my sincerest thoughts, and will court the views of others. I have written this hastily, but if it calls forth any views you would like to express I will be glad to hear them. Yours truly,

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

NAST AT HOME.

A correspondent of the New York *Evening Post* has been visiting Mr. Thomas Nast at his home at Morristown, N. J., and writes as follows:

The studio is a large room up stairs, at the back of the house. It has not, in any way been remodeled for its present purpose, and contains no easels, lay figures, etc., which are usually found in studios. Three ordinary sized windows afford sufficient light, and near one of them is placed a plain table at which Mr. Nast works. A partly open drawer affords a rest for the block on which he is working, and a few pencils within reach comprise his materials for labor. On the table are scattered newspapers in profusion, while clippings therefrom, which refer to the caricature in hand, are on a file. A well bound volume of Shakespeare is the only book within reach. Around the walls are hung large numbers of pictures in colors, drawings, sketches for studies, etc., while upon brackets are placed busts and figures in profusion. A large glass case in one corner contains a complete skeleton which was purchased in Paris. It is so perfectly hung on wires, and each joint so pivoted, that every motion of the living man can be copied on the skeleton, and it thus makes a complete posturer for the artist. Mr. Nast's children take great delight in showing this skeleton to their young visitors, and have lost all fear of it. Indeed, one of them has petitioned his father to give him a boy skeleton for a Christmas present. In the bony right hand of the skeleton is the rifle which Mr. Nast carried when in the Seventh Regiment, and which he bore when in the ranks of that regiment during the 12th of July riot.

A cabinet contains the photographs of nearly every important personage in this this country and abroad. They are numbered by thousands, and are so placed that the hand may be laid in a moment on the face and figure of a Tweed or on one of Europe's crowned heads. This collection is constantly being added to, and naturally is a most important adjunct to the caricaturist. Mr. Nast draws directly upon the wooden block, never first sketching his idea on paper. He has a large collection of blocks so built his purpose, from the full double page of *Harper's* to diminutive block of which may be drawn a quaint capital letter for a book illustration. His ideas are generally unformed when he begins to sketch, having only in his mind a rough outline of what he wishes to portray. As he works a figure starts up here and there and ideas come into shape until the caricature is completed, and furnishes work for the engraver's tools. Mr. Nast works rapidly, as may be seen from the multitudinous caricatures that he produced during the late campaign, and was then often found at the desk far into the night. Hysterics are in his study he converses freely with them as he works, and his children play around without annoyance to him. Indeed, one is often on his knee as he works. Several of his drawings of children are portraits of his own, and the little ones are proud of being taken to sit for their pictures. Mr. Nast is not always satisfied with photographs of men whom he wishes to caricature, but much prefers to see the persons themselves, and watch the peculiarities of their faces or movements. Many a long trip has he made to the capitol and elsewhere just to see the face of some person, and his pictures of such have therefore been more perfect than if drawn from a photograph.

A Minneapolis painter received an order from a resident there to paint a sign with the word "Gyves" in various languages, so that a man of any nationality might understand that there was a place where he could get his clothes cleaned or repaired. The sign was duly painted, and the next morning the painter was astonished to see a Frenchman, a Dutchman, a Yankee, a Dane, a Norwegian, and a French cyclone.

A BIT OF ROMANCE.—Last year I accompanied my friend Brown to the State Agricultural Exhibition at Bangor. Brown is a thrifty, well-to do farmer, perhaps thirty years old; loves his horses, prides himself in ministering to every want of his aged mother and other dependents; a kind neighbor—sympathetic and true; but not what you would call a ladies' man—never avoiding, rarely seeking their society.

We were seated on the grand stand: A race was called, three horses came on to score for a start. Brown, with programme in hand had asked a number of gentlemen if they could designate the several horses for him—they could not. A lady sitting immediately behind him, seeing his anxiety, replied in a low, well modulated voice, and with much modesty: "The roan is so; the white face so, so. The other horse I do not know, but of course must be the last horse named on the programme."

I turned around and saw a lady above medium size, well and sensibly dressed, with the glory of health on her cheeks, and decidedly good looking. I soon discovered that the race had lost all its interest for my friend. He sat filled with the magnetism and rapture that comes once to all, when the earthly object of our souls adoration is found. What the music of Paradise or the morning stars were to Adam's delighted ear, was this voice to our friend's ecstatic soul. He sat oblivious to all around him for half an hour, when the clouds threatened rain, and he turned to the lady with a look of protection. Then eyes met, they looked deep down into each others' souls, and these read what language fails to express—so thought our friend.

The lady was the first to speak.

"What a pity it expected we are to dog stay here and get wet, or go home?"

Just then a gentleman with a waterproof on his arm came along and said, hurriedly: "Come Puss, it's go home quick fit's going to rain."

They passed down off the stand, and our friend in his last lingering look, observed the gentleman "recognize an acquaintance, and quick as thought, he followed and said to the man:

"If you won't consider it rude, I would like to ask the names of those people you just spoke with."

"Mr. and Mrs. B of Pittsfield" was the answer.

I will not undertake to describe the misery depicted in his countenance, nor the change that came over his life for the next year.—Everybody said, "what ails Brown?" Two weeks ago Brown called on me one evening and said: "Come, let's go to the State Fair." I plead an excuse, but no excuse would do. We went and occupied the same seats we did last year. I watched the races, and Brown—he watched that, perchance, he might see once more a pair of eyes that had caused him more joy and sorrow in one short hour than he had ever known before.

The last race, train starts at seven; we enter a car, I secure a seat, Brown remains at the door watching the pelting rain; soon the bell rings, "all aboard"—he comes down the car, every seat occupied—no; a lady next the wall, and says: "Here's a seat, sir, if you like?" The same voice, the same face. Brown staggers, he hesitates, but finally drops into the offered seat.

"A stormy night."

"Yes."

"Been to the Fair, I presume."

"Yes,"

"I think I recognize you as a gentleman whom I met, there a year ago?"

"Yes, your husband accompanied you then, I think; I have not seen him to-night."

"The lady blushed slightly and said, "I have no husband; I remember it was my brother George."

Brown raised his eyes for the first time to the lady's face. I did not hear more of their conversation. I have not seen my friend much lately; he has been away from home the most of the time; he is making extensive alterations and improvements in his house and grounds.—*Fairfield Chronicle.*

At the close of his charge to the jury at Lewiston, in the Marcellus Baker case, for keeping a house of ill-fame, Judge Walton turned his sharp eyes to the gallery where sat a number of women of all ages, in pink, yellow and green ribbons, and said: "I see a number of ladies have seen fit to attend a trial of this kind; perhaps they would like to hear what the judge has got to say about it." He then proceeded: "Among your number are many just commencing the real trials of life, and I will take this occasion to warn them against a course similar to that for marked out for these two young girls. It leads to ruin, misery, degradation, disease and early death. If there are any here that have chosen this path, I warn them that it leads only to an early death. If my few remarks shall be the cause of turning out one from the evil way I shall feel boundingly repaid." He closed by thanking them for their attention.

A PLUCKY CONDUCTOR.—How some Western gamblers found their master in a Michigan conductor is thus told by the Detroit *Free Press* of Friday: "For the last month a trio of monte men have been working the lines running into Detroit. They have been put off the Central, chased off the Detroit and Milwaukee, and kicked off the Lansing Road, but they made a fresh start the other morning on the Southern, going out on Conductor Wisey's train. At the depot they got in with an old man named Fremont, who lives in Pittsburg, and was on his way home. They pretended to live in Pittsburg also, and so

Whig & Courier.

JOHN S. LYNDE, - - PROPRIETOR.

FRIDAY, OCT. 17, 1873.

HONORABLE AND OTHER CRITICISM.—The discussion of the civil service reform and the attitude of the President toward it, has received a new impetus lately from the letter of Mr. Eaton, the chief of the civil service commission, to a contemporary, which we published some days ago. Mr. Eaton will be remembered, said that the President was thoroughly in earnest in his efforts to promote this reform; that it is beset with many difficulties, which those who know most about the working of the system can better understand than others; that progress is unavoidably slow and halting; that an active public opinion will do more to break down the strong congressional opposition than anything else; that the press of the country ought to keep the country informed and interested in the subject; and that in his opinion more good can be done by noting progress, calling attention to whatever good has been accomplished, and strengthening the hands of those who officially or otherwise are occupied in the work of reform, by encouragement and approval where there is occasion for it, than by grumbling at delays, sneering at mistakes, and instituting or avowing disbelief in the sincerity of those persons in office who profess to desire the reform, and to give to it, as they are officially bound to do, its due share of their thought and effort. This, says the Worcester, Mass. *Spy*, is true and sensible. It is not necessary nor is it required of any one, to see or say that black is white, but there are certainly intermediate shades between the two extremes; darkness is a relative expression and it may be as much of a misrepresentation to call grey black as to call it white. Regard for good government also demands that the chief magistrate of the country should receive, we do not say from his party only, but from non partisan and independent friends of pure and wholesome administration, fair and courteous treatment; that, without sparing candid criticism upon occasion, they should stand by him when he is unjustly assailed, help him to resist improper influences and combinations, and put upon his actions, if not the best possible construction, certainly not the worst they will bear. To hear greedily and repeat every suggestion of evil, to attribute every falling short of complete success to insincerity of purpose, to ascribe some sinister motive to every man whose advice or aid is asked by him or offered to him, tends to drive good men from his counsels, to strengthen all the bad influences and to paralyze the wholesome ones, and to deprive the President of that moral support which every man in a position of great responsibility needs and has a right to expect from those who hate corruption and bad government. This support consists in the assurance that good men desire to believe in his honesty of purpose, that they note and rejoice at every wise and brave act, will not believe anything to his discredit without reasonable proof, and will stand by him in every struggle to defend the public interests in his hands from corruption or incompetence.

THE ELECTIONS. Up to midnight Thursday we have only meagre reports of Tuesday's elections. The latest estimates indicate a heavy Republican majority in Pennsylvania; a similar result in Iowa; the success of the Anti-Monopolists over the regular Democrats and Republicans in California; the election of a Democratic majority to the Ohio Legislature, with nothing definite as to the vote for Governor. No one has deemed it worth while to collect or forward returns.

The New York *Methodist* shows, what the sober sense of the country is on the subject of Caesarism:—"Caesarism, whether by a continuous election of one man, or in any other way, is the last of all possibilities in this nation. All the training of the past, all the tendencies of the present, all the hopes of the future, must be reversed before self government can be overthrown here. Not thoughtful man dreams of such a possibility; no sane statesman would hazard the perils of such an attempt. The readers of the *Herald* wish its Bohemian screamer to shut up" If he don't, it is to be hoped that Nast will effectually 'shut him up' in *Harper*."

A Paris despatch says that upon the reconvening of the French Assembly the Right Centre, acting in unison with the Ministry, intend to propose the prolongation of MacMahon's tenure of office as President. The Left are willing to accept the proposition if accompanied by a plan for the definite organization of a Republic. Since the late elections many wavering Deputies have declared in favor of a Republic.

In the Superior Court, Boston, Monday, Thomas H. Ridgeley pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with entering a house in the day time, stealing a number of, valuable books and selling them for liquor. He was sentenced to three years in the State prison. At one period during the rebellion, Ridgeley was medical director on the staff of Gen. Grant, and had a proud record. His persistent use of rum and opium has thwarted all the efforts of his friends to save him from ruin, and to this sad end he has come at last.

Grant has lost his money with Jay Cooke, he has lost his tears over Henry Clews, and has lost the government's credit with both.—*Cincinnati Gaz.*

Hilton has lost his place with the *Independent*, has lost his tears over Vicky Woodhull, and has lost his own credit with both.—*Cincinnati State Journal.*

THE TRIAL OF BAZAINE. In the Bazaine trial on Wednesday, in reply to a question by the President of the Court, relative to August 29th, when an advance on Thionville was ordered and afterward relinquished, the Marshal stated that he had at that time only 90,000 men available for service. Duke d'Aumale said the calling of a council of war, August 29th, by Bazaine, had not lessened the Marshal's responsibility. He asked why the Council had not been informed of the march of MacMahon to his assistance. Bazaine declared that in spite of General Boyer's statement to the contrary, he had informed the Council of the movement of MacMahon, and also that he had given the necessary orders for provisioning Metz. He blamed his subordinates for not carrying out their orders upon this point. Duke d'Aumale said that the commander of the garrison was responsible for the taking of all precautionary measures during the siege.

Bazaine said that on hearing of the September resolutions in Paris, he intended to resign his command. He admitted that he received Regnier immediately on his arrival at Metz. He had two interviews with him. The Marshal denies having told Regnier that two letters had passed between himself and Prince Frederick Charles, and could not state the provisions of these letters, as he himself was unaware of their contents. He considered the signature which he gave to Regnier was unimportant; not thinking of the use to which it might be applied. In relation to Bourbaki's journey, the Marshal considered that to conclude an armistice would be of advantage to the country and army. It was necessary for the furtherance of that object to communicate with the Empress Eugenie, between whom and the German Government he then thought an understanding existed. He explained that the installation of the September Government was what was meant by "public order" in his proclamation.

Bazaine appeared very much downcast in manner and less confident in tone during the examination of Wednesday. At the conclusion of the session the court adjourned till Friday.

THE COAST SURVEY.

OPERATIONS ON THE NEW ENGLAND COAST, ETC.

Prof. Pierce, Superintendent of the U. S. Coast Survey, has forwarded his preliminary report to Secretary Richardson in advance of the final report from the field. He reviews the field of work on the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific coasts, on which surveying parties have been engaged during the year, and says that in the Northern sections work will be continued until the approach of cold weather when parties will resume the survey of the Southern coast. The parties now on the coast of Maine are engaged in a survey of Mount Desert Island and the adjacent hydrography on the shores of Eggemoggin Reach, on the coast near Castine, on the islands in that vicinity, including Isle au Haut Bay and on the Penobscot above. Supplementary work has been done in the upper part of Casco Bay and in Portland Harbor. Points have been determined by triangulation in New Hampshire, special observations are in progress near North Adams, Mass., for determination of terrestrial gravity, and others at Cambridge for finding the longitude of points in the interior of the United States.

Off shore hydrography is continued near Georges Banks; in shore soundings near Nantucket and tidal observations have been constantly recorded at North Haven, Penobscot Bay and at the Navy Yard, Boston. The harbors between Portland and New York have been further examined for the preparation of final sailing directions. The field work is advancing on the coast of Rhode Island west of Point Judith; special observations in hydrography including those relating to tides and currents are in progress in New York Harbor. The field work on the South side of Long Island; on the shores of Raritan River, N.J.; on the shores of Lake Champlain with adjacent soundings, and station marks of triangulation in the vicinity of New York have been examined with reference to their preservation.

NEWS BREVITIES.

Wooden shipbuilding is active in Delaware.

The Poncas and Sioux are fighting near Sioux City, Iowa.

Louisville, Ky., has subscribed $15,000 for the yellow fever sufferers.

Floods in China have swept away 37 villages with a great loss of life.

Andy Johnson is to be serenaded to draw him out on the Surratt case.

Rumors are afloat that disagreements have arisen between France and Italy.

S. S. Cox has been nominated for Congress as successor of the late James Brooks.

The Wobanscot, R. I., mills give notice that they will run on half time.

Charles Moller was killed at White Plains, N. Y., by a blow with a hammer given by a rough.

A bale of cotton sold at St. Louis for the Memphis sufferers brought over $3.50 per pound.

It is feared that the amount embezzled from the New York State Treasury will exceed $300,000.

The vacant Chief Clerkship in the U. S. Treasury office will be filled after a competitive examination.

Brown, Wardsworth & Co. are the first private banking firm in New York to resume business after the panic.

Negotiations for a treaty to define the boundary between Paraguay and the Argentine States have fallen through.

Two days' registration of voters in New York shows a total of 59,559, against 96,512 in the first two days of 1872.

Ten thousand rations have been sent to Shreveport and the same number to Memphis, by the orders of President Grant.

A house occupied by E. Evans, on the east side of the river at Belfast, was burned Thursday. Loss about $600; no insurance.

John Fitzgerald a private watchman, was accidentally shot dead in New York Wednesday evening by a boy who was practicing with a pistol.

Michal Donahue has been sentenced to be hanged Dec. 11th, for the murder of a fellow-convict at the Auburn State Prison on the 221 of May.

The steamship Circassian arrived at Liverpool Wednesday evening in a badly damaged condition, having been in collision with some vessel unknown.

The Secretary of the Irish Laborers Association writes the press that he has received from the United States a proposal for an engagement for 20,000 men.

The Brooklyn Democrats on Wednesday nominated John W. Hunter for Mayor. The Republicans nominated Dwight Johnson for Mayor in place of Chas. H. Fellows, who declined.

During Wednesday's proceedings of the Bazaine court martial, Regnier, one of the most important witnesses, declared his readiness to submit to arrest and trial for his conduct at Metz.

Advices, from South America report that the insurgents of Entre Rios were signally defeated. The whole battalion mutinied against the rebel leader, Lopez Jordan, and submitted to the federal authorities.

Commodore Belknap reports that he has surveyed 1100 miles of the Pacific. So far the plateau is favorable and descent gradual. The last part of the lead was the deepest, being 3,336 fathoms in latitude 34° N.; longitude 69° West.

St. Louis editors, at present, have their Shreveport exchanges hung over a clothes-line and read them through a field glass.

A Milwaukee paper recently published a lengthy code of "Rules to govern people who are drowning." This newspaper thinks is a good idea, and should be followed by several similar 'codes,' such as "Directions for ladies and gentlemen blown up in a steamboat;" "Guide for the victim of a railway collision;" "System to be pursued by aeronauts who fall from their balloons;" "The whole duty of man after a nitro-glycerine explosion;" "Regulations to be followed by all persons struck by lightning;" and "Proper deportment during a rapid descent from a sixth story window."

STATE DEPARTMENT ESTIMATES. The annual estimates of the State Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1875 have been prepared and show a total of $320,720. Of this amount $106,220 will be required for salaries; $86,000 for publishing laws; $83,000 for postage; $32,500 for contingent expenses and the balance for miscellaneous items. The above does not include those for foreign intercourse which will amount to about $1,874,000. The additional appropriation for the Department for the present fiscal year, exclusive of foreign intercourse, is $312,903.

YANKEES AHEAD. Much has been said about a new invention in Europe to stop the echo in cathedrals and churches by stretching wires across the audience room. Rev. Joseph P. Taylor, of Brunswick, Me., having suffered from an echo in his church, adopted precisely the same process, previous to the knowledge of the invention in Europe, it having been suggested to him by the analogy of waves broken against piling, driven for the purpose, he judging that waves of sound would be destroyed in a similar way. His experiment in St. Paul's, at Brunswick, a building where the echo was exceptionally troublesome, is a perfect success, and we suggest to any persons who may need a similar remedy, to make the trial. The church consists of nave, transept and chancel, and the wires are stretched across arches of the open roof at two inches distance from each other, at the intersection of the transept and nave, coming down to the corbels, and across a portion of each of several arches in the nave, reaching to the top. Rev. Mr. Taylor suggests that the wires need not be nearer the ceiling than nine feet. The wire is so small as not to be seen from the floor of the church, and consequently does not detract from its appearance.

Special Notices.

St. Andrew's Lodge.

FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 17.

There will be a Special Meeting of St. Andrew's Lodge No. 35, F. & A. M., THIS EVENING, at Masonic Hall, at 7½ o'clock. Brethren are invited to attend.

300 CORDS DRY HARD WOOD,

by the Car Load or Cord, at

EDWIN S. FARRAR'S.

DEALER IN

LEHIGH RED & WHITE ASH, & BLACKSMITHS' COALS.

Broad Street Bangor

oct17 sn 2w

WORSTED GOODS

Have just received a fine assortment of

CROCHETED AND EMBROIDERED

Breakfast Shawls,

ALASKA SHIELDS,

BASQUES, SACKS & SCARFS,

MEDALLION CAPS AND HOODS,

PRINCESSE JACKETS,

INFANTS' CARRIAGE BOOTS, &c.,

which will be sold cheap.

I. W. COOMBS.

oct17 sn 1f

Machine Stitching.

Fine Shirts and Silk Embroidery done to order by MRS JOHN F. FOSTER, Head of Davis Street.

oct15 1w sn

MUSIC HALL, - - - Bangor

DOLLY BIDWELL'S

Eastern Dramatic Company.

DOLLY BIDWELL, Lessee
J. T. FANNING, Business Manager

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Friday and Saturday, Oct. 17th and 18th.

STAR OF THE EAST.

DOLLY BIDWELL,

Supported by a full dramatic Company of first class artists. Change of programme every night. Admission 35 and 50 cents. Tickets for sale at Burpee & Co.'s, Bookstore.

oct15 WTHFSSn F. E. JANVRIN, Agent.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM EUROPE,

JACOB STERN & CO.

are now ready to exhibit one of the finest stocks in

Laces,
Embroideries,
Passementeries,
Ornaments, Trops,
Under Garments,
Hosiery, Gloves,
Corsets, Butters,
Rollings, Edgings,
Embroidered Slippers,
Cushions, Foot Rests,
Towel Racks, Slipper Cases,
Oxydized Revolters,
Belt Buckles, Elastic Belts,
Hair Pins, Veil Pins,
Infants' Skirts, Socks, Socks,
Shirt, Hoods, Caps, Cloaks,
Bibs and Diapers.
Bergmann's Zephyrs,
Canvass, Perforated Paper,
Patterns, Afghan and
Crochet Needles,
and
a thousand
other
new and desirable
articles
in
Small Wares and
Fancy Goods

oct14

TAXES FOR 1873.

Collector's Notice.

The Assessors of the City of Bangor have committed to me the Tax Bills for the year 1873, under date of October 4, 1873, and by a vote of the City Council, I am authorized to make an abatement of

TEN PER CENT.

on all taxes paid within THIRTY DAYS after said commitment, and

FIVE PER CENT.

on all taxes paid after the expiration of thirty, and within SIXTY DAYS after said commitment; and no abatement will be allowed or made by the Collector on taxes not so paid.

JOHN L. CROSBY, Collector.

Bangor, Oct. 4, 1873. dtf Com. copy

Artificial Teeth.

DR. GARDNER makes the insertion of ARTIFICIAL TEETH A SPECIALTY. With teeth made by him, one can eat, talk and laugh with confidence, and the mouth and teeth look pleasant and natural. Teeth filled with gold and silver or extracted when required.

oct1 sn3f No. 82 Main Street.

MARY B. CUTTER,

Teacher of Piano.

sept4 eatsn Residence 49 Centre Street.

ANDREWS' DANCING ACADEMY

Juvenile Classes Wednesday and Saturday afternoons at 2 o'clock.

Pupils received and classed at any time until further notice.

A Class for young Ladies and Gents will be formed in about two weeks, to meet on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 7½ P. M.

Evening Class will meet on Friday, Leidersdorf's Hall.

A Class for Children will be formed shortly. Apply at residence of

C. L. ANDREWS, Teacher.

Bangor, Oct. 10, 1873.

FALL OF 1873.

New Goods!

NOW OPENING

New and Desirable Goods,

all to be sold at low prices.

In Trimmings, I have YAK AND MALTA LACES, fine Gimps, Fringes, Ornaments, Buttons, Braids, Velvet Ribbons, &c., &c.

In Hosiery, Ladies' and Children's Flecced and all Wool. Also Balmorals in different grades.

A nice line of Ladies', Misses and Children's UNDERWEAR.

A full line of Corsets, Kid and Wool Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Ruffing, Neck Ties, Collars and Cuffs, in great variety. Also many other pretty things in the Fancy Goods line.

Please call and examine before purchasing, at

Miss R. M. Harlow's,

No. 76 Main Street.

oct4 6m 2w

THE SAFE

Deposit Interest Bank,

No. 9 Central St., Bangor.

J. M. BLAKE, President.
GEO. W. E. BARROWS, Cashier.

Interest allowed from the date of deposit at the liberal Government rate of

7-30 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

No deposits received for a less sum than $50.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

March 29, 1872. sn d&w

EPHRAIM P. LANSIL,

Cooper and Cistern Builder,

At Rock Street off Main St., Bangor, Me.

All work done at lower prices than by any other person in the city, and warranted of the best material. Tanks, Water Casks, and all Vessel work done at short notice. All orders left at China Tea Store, or addressed to P. O. Box 933, will receive prompt attention.

EPH. P. LANSIL.

Cisterns warranted to contain one hundred gallons to a hhd.

april2 sn 1f

Dr. J. K. Lincoln,

SURGEON DENTIST,

OFFICE—No. 2 Wheelwright & Clark Block, West Market Sq., Bangor, Me.

Office hours from 8 A. M. till 1 P. M., and from 2 till 6 P. M.

may15 sndd&w

F. M. LAUGHTON,

Counselor and Attorney at Law

has removed to

Wheelwright & Clark's Block, Rooms 5 & 7.

Attends to cases in the State Courts, and a general practice; and will give special attention to matters involving the Law of Shipping, and Practice in Admiralty.

Bangor, June 10, 1873. sn d&w

DR. J. F. BABCOCK,

Graduate Penn. College Dental Surgery,

Dental Surgeon.

Reception Parlor and Operating Rooms,

Nos. 2 and 3 Kenduskeag Block,

Same Floor as Mercantile Library.

Jan23

SADIE M. CURRIER,

TEACHER OF PIANO,

will receive either beginners or advanced pupils. Terms $12.00 per quarter. Orders may be left at F. A. Davenport's Piano Store.

oct11 1m 2w

1873 INSIDE ROUTE 1873

Steamboat and Railroad,

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK.

Connecting with both the Boston & Maine and Eastern Railroad.

Portland, Boston, Salem, Dover, Lawrence, Lynn, Exeter, Haverhill and Lowell.

Steamer City of Richmond,

Capt. O. ELLIS,

Will leave Bangor every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY morning at six o'clock, touching at Hampden, Winterport, Stockport, Sandy Point, Searsport, Belfast, Lincolnville, Camden and Rockland, arriving in Portland at about 5 o'clock P. M., connecting with the six o'clock Steamboat Express Train over the Boston and Maine Railroad and the 6:15 P. M. train over the Eastern Railroad, arriving in Boston at about ten o'clock same evening.

RETURNING, will leave Railroad wharf, foot of State street, Portland, same evening at ten o'clock, connecting with the Express train leaving Boston at 1:15 P. M., over the Eastern Railroad, and with the Steamboat Express Train leaving Boston at six o'clock P. M., over the Boston & Maine Railroad, arriving in Bangor at about 10 o'clock next morning.

For further particulars enquire of

F. E. KENDRICK, Agent.

Bangor, May 9, 1873. sn

City of Bangor.

The Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on Accounts and Claims will be in session at the Aldermen's Room, on the WEDNESDAY before the first Thursday of each month, at 2½ o'clock P. M. Bills against the city not presented on that day will not be acted upon until the succeeding month.

NEWELL BLAKE, Chairman.

All bills against the City, approved as above by the Committee on Accounts and Claims, will be paid on presentation on the following SATURDAY.

JOHN L. CROSBY, Treasurer.

April 15, 1873. sn

BROWN & SIMPSON,

COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bangor, Maine.

O. P. BROWN. A. L. SIMPSON.

Having been established in the successful practice of the law in the City of Bangor for more than twenty years, and having an extensive acquaintance in all parts of the State, and the very best facilities for transacting professional business, the subscribers have formed a Law partnership, and will give particular attention to all matters pertaining to a general law practice in any of the Courts of the State, or United States Courts.

Especial attention given to the collection of claims and demands, &c.

We promise promptness, accuracy and reasonable charges, in all business entrusted to our care.

O. P. BROWN,
A. L. SIMPSON.

Bangor, June 5, 1871.

Dr. Barrow has Returned

and may be confidentially consulted as usual at his private office,

NO. 18 MAIN STREET, BANGOR,

from 9 till 1 and from 4 till 6 P. M., and at

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

from 6 till 8 P. M. oct14 sn

MARRIED.

In Pittsfield, Oct. 15th, by Rev. A. L. Gerrish, Mr George W. Varney of Pittsfield, and Miss Marietta F. Thomas of Palmyra.

In Garland, at the residence of Elijah Crane, Sept. 28th, by Rev. F. B. Thayer, Mr. Freeman C. Brown of Foxcroft, and Miss Flora Evelyn Campbell of Garland.

DIED.

In Monterey, California, Sept. 28th, of croup, Eugene, eldest son of H. G. and L. F. Blankman, aged 6 years and 10 months.

For Rent.

A Tenement in house No. 32 Essex Street. Inquire on the premises.

oct17 tf

PUBLIC AUCTION.

At 10 A. M., on MONDAY, the 27th instant, I shall offer for sale by public auction, in Cherryfield, Maine,

SIX SCOWS,

the property of the U. S. Engineer Department, now lying in Narraguagus River. Terms cash.

GEO. THOM,
Lieut. Col. of Engineers Brevet Brig. Genl U. S. A.
U. S. Engineer Office,
Portland, Me., Oct. 11, 1873. 3t

The Place to Buy Furniture, Feathers,

MATTRASSES,

AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS, GENERALLY,

—IS AT—

Nos. 12, 14 and 16 Central Street,

☞ Please examine my goods before you purchase.

C. C. PRESCOTT.

Bangor, Oct. 17, 1873. 2m

Don't wait until cold weather comes, and then have to wait a month for your

Outside Windows,

but carry your orders in early to FRANK & CHALMERS', No. 132 Exchange Street, and have them in season.

In conclusion, Men, Women and Children are respectfully invited to make their purchases in our line of ware.

No. 132 Exchange St.

FRANK & CHALMERS.

Bangor, Oct. 16, 1873. eod

The Rush on the Banks

HAS STOPPED,

but the rush for

HARDWARE AND BUILDING MATERIALS

—ON—

Trask & Chalmers

has just commenced, and parties wanting a safe place to deposit their money, for full value in goods, why, of course we should feel under heavy obligation to take it. Try it once, at

No. 132 Exchange Street.

Our Stock and variety is the most complete in the city, as an examination will testify.

oct17 eod

AXE

the most experienced Lumbermen, and they will tell you that FRANK & CHALMERS' is the place to buy

AXES.

HARDY & SHERMAN'S, FOSTER'S, KELLEY'S, and FABRI'—the four leading brands in the market—in stock at

No. 132 Exchange Street.

TRASK & CHALMERS.

oct17 eod

PLANEUARY CATASTROPHOLOGY.

MR. CAPEN'S next Lecture will be on

FRIDAY EVENING.

SUBJECT—DURATION AND DESTRUCTION of Planets, Laws and Predictions of their Convulsions and Weather Disturbances.

Prices of tickets to meet expenses, as before. Clergymen are cordially tendered reserved family tickets at Bugbee's.

oct16

FALL CAMPAIGN!

HEADQUARTERS AT BUTLER'S DRUG STORE!

Confining myself exclusively to the

Drug & Druggists' Sundries Trade

I am enabled to offer my customers and friends the advantage of selecting from a LARGE ASSORTMENT, comprising

Pure Drugs, Chemicals,

PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS & REMEDIES

and all Family Medicines generally.

Toilet Waters and Perfumes,
Toilet Soaps,
Toilet Powders,
Toilet Articles

of every description and in great variety.

Brushes, Combs, Fine Sponges, Bath Towels, Puff Boxes, Hand Mirrors, Pen-knives, &c., &c.

☞ Superior facilities for dispensing Physicians' Prescriptions at all hours.

Paying particular attention to QUALITY of goods and moderation in price, I respectfully invite you to visit my store and examine my stock.

H. H. BUTLER,

Apothecary.

No. 3 Kenduskeag Block.

oct13 eod

To All Un-married Ladies.

Notice is hereby given that I have applied for a review of the Decree of Divorce in favor of FRANK W. TITCOMB of Bangor, late of Dover, Maine, upon grounds set forth in my petition for said review now on file in the Bd. Court, Clerk's Office at Dover, Maine, which petition you are referred to.

ABBY L. TITCOMB.

Oct. 15, 1873. oct16 1w*

To Let.

Tenement and location desirable five minutes walk from Postoffice. Inquire of M. P. C. WITHERS, 24 Exchange St. oct10—3t

Glass Shades.

An Assortment of Oval and Round Shades, just received at C. L. DARIN'S FINE ART STORE, No. 2, Main Street, under Harriman House, Bangor, Maine. oct10

UMBRELLAS.

New Stock direct from the manufactory, selling low.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and other repairing done to order, at

D. WHITE'S,

oct10 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge

Fine Stationery.

New Styles of choice French Stationery, just received

CHARLES HIGHT,

oct10 No. 3 Smith Block.

The Nicest Line

—OF—

UMBRELLAS

Ever Shown in Bangor,

NOW ON

EXHIBITION,

AND FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES,

—BY—

ADAMS BROS.,

5 Kenduskeag Bridge,

oct16 1w

REED & BOWEN

OF BOSTON,

Are exhibiting and have for sale at

No. 3 Taylor's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor,

Some of their Celebrated

MACHINERY

Which invites and engages the attention of all classes of Mechanics, especially of Wood and Iron Workers. These machines are novel in construction and present many interesting changes in the "Lever Principle" and other mechanical powers and are entirely worth the while of all artisans to examine.

JOHN L. HYDE,
Gen'l Agent.

1m*oct13

THE FIRST MEDAL

—AT THE—

VIENNA EXPOSITION,

Being the highest recompense for Reed Organs, has been awarded the

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS,

by the Special Jury, International Jury, and two Sub-Juries, including the most Eminent Artists and Experts from different countries. In competition with these, other American Organs were not found worthy of even a Medal of Honor. These organs may be rented as the LOWEST PRICES and rent allowed on purchase on one of these organs. Also, for sale for CASH at PRICES FAR LOWER THAN EVER BEFORE, and usual discount allowed for cash. Also, for sale or rent, PIANOS of the best makers. Also, for sale or rent, PIANOS of the best makers. Also, for sale or rent, PIANOS of the best makers

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM PORTLAND.

DEATH BY POISON.

PORTLAND, Oct. 16.

[illegible] Wyer, cook at the United States [illegible], who drank poison by mistake a few [illegible] since, died this afternoon.

FROM BRUNSWICK

THE SAGADAHOC FAIR.

BRUNSWICK, Oct. 16.

[illegible] Sagadahoc County Show and Fair was [illegible] successful close this afternoon. [illegible] address was delivered by [illegible] Alden of the State Agricultural [illegible]. The trotting of horses was the principal attract [illegible] this afternoon and fully six [illegible] persons were upon the grounds. [illegible] race for a purse of $100, White [illegible], Dumpies and King William were [illegible] the latter was taken sick and was [illegible] and White Stocking won in 2.44. [illegible] race for a purse of $60, Slasher, [illegible] Little Fred were entered, Dwarf [illegible].

FROM AUGUSTA

THE TEMPERANCE CASE.

AUGUSTA, Oct. 16.

[illegible] for an injunction to restrain [illegible] Maine Central Railroad Co from building [illegible] at College Narrows in Water[illegible] most of the day. Judge Dan[illegible] reserved his decision.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FROM NEW YORK.

STRANGE SUICIDE.

New York, Oct. 16. Tuesday John G. [illegible] visited the grave of his son in Woodlawn Cemetery, West Chester county, and shot himself in the heart with a pistol. He survived [illegible] since then he has had a failing trouble. He requested to be buried by the side of his favorite son.

IN THE STOKES TRIAL.

To-day Thos Hart, the doorman at the ladies' entrance of the Grand Central Hotel, and the principal witness against the prisoner, admitted on cross examination of Mr. Tremaine that after the prisoner's conviction at the last trial, he being sick and out of employment came to some of Fisk's friends and was sent to the private secretary of Mrs. Fisk, from whom he received $50. The rest of the witnesses evidence was the same as on former trials.

REBUTTAL.

Mr C G Hill of Troy was recalled to testify as to the distances and lines of vision at the scene of the homicide with the view of proving that Thomas Hart could not have been there or Hill would have seen him. He stated that since the examination last spring he took accurate measurement. He positively stated that he never saw Hart that evening nor in court yesterday.

OFFICER TESTIMONY.

The bill boy, John T Redmond, one of the witnesses for the prosecution also admitted receiving $50 after the last trial. He gave a different version of what was said at the identification of the prisoner by Fisk from that given by other witnesses.

Mustrace Hall, of Willingford, Ct, testified to having the pistol on the sofa in room 207 among other the homicide and John Marshall Fisk's colored valet identified his late masters clothing.

H L Powers, proprietor of the Grand Central, proved that Fisk identified Stokes as the man that shot him at the door. Fisk seemed rather afraid of Stokes. When he asked Stokes why he came there to make a disturbance, the latter made no reply.

Philip Farley, the hotel porter, distinctly corroborated the testimony of Thomas Hart and positively swore that he knew nothing of Stokes being Farley was the man who [illegible] Stokes and he overheard everything said.

THE QUESTION OF RESUMING.

There is considerable debate in financial circles relative to the feasibility of an early resumption of currency payments by New York banks, and although Mr. Camp, of the Clearing House, has expressed his views in not very sanguine expectation of their ability to do so on or by the first of November there will probably be a pressure brought to bear upon bank Presidents to soon convene and take the subject into consideration.

THE WOMAN'S CONGRESS

Held a discussion on "Enlightened Motherhood" in which one of the speakers referred to John Stuart Mill a sort of apostle of infanticide. A hot discussion ensued. Mrs. Julia Ward Howe hoped the Congress would not lend forth anything that could be construed into an apology for an abortion.

THE STREET QUIET.

There are but few signs of excitement yet in Wall or Broad streets to-day, and no failures are announced. E. B. Wesley, [illegible] the Union Trust Co., said to-day that the Company would either resume business before the 1st of November or pay dividends in full this month as soon as they can be legally.

HEAVY GRAIN PURCHASES.

It is said that the exporters are taking every bushel of grain they can obtain. One house alone receives 100,000 bushels daily which is sent abroad.

WASHINGTON.

BONDS, NOTES, STAMPS, ETC, PRINTED.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16. The annual report of Superintendent McCartee of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing of the Treasury Department states that the bureau delivered during the year completed and perfect bonds, notes and other securities amounting to $580,444 300 and 224,440,745 customs and internal revenue stamps amounting $131 094,472, besides sundry other work for the various bureaus of the Treasury and other Departments. All this work has been accomplished at out the loss of a notelor stamp or sheet of paper or any portion thereof. The letterpress of imitating the government special or bond fibre paper have been unsuccessful this tar

RAILROAD POSTAL ROUTES.

A table in course of preparation for the annual report of the Postmaster General shows by the recent readjustment of pay on the railroad routes for the year ending Sept. 30th 1873, the amount of annual compensation to all railroad Co's, it increased $226,825, being [illegible] $1,015,[illegible] per annum. The readjustment made on 37 railroad routes and 160 companies receive pay for carrying the mails. The aggregate length of railroad service in the country is now nearly 65,000 miles and increasing at the rate of over 5000 miles per annum

THE TREASURY BALANCES

to day are.

Currency,	$3,970,990
Special deposit of legal tenders for the redemption of certificates of deposit,	11,410,000
Com, (including $31,213,000 in coin certificates)	81,854,177
Legal Tenders outstanding,	360,262,488

PENNSYLVANIA

VOTE OF PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16. Official returns of the election shows the following Republican majorities in this city:

Gordon, for Judge, 8,925; Mackey, State Treasurer, 25,411; Elliot, Sheriff, 16,445; Widener, City Treasurer 20,633. Lamon's majority for the Senate in the 3d district, over Nagle, Dem., is 364. The total vote on the license question is 78,740; the majority in favor of license, 32,494.

CALIFORNIA.

THE PEOPLE'S TICKET VICTORIOUS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 15. Returns from the interior show the election of McKinstry for Judge of the Supreme Court by a large majority, which is a victory for the People's Independent party. McKinstry's majority in this city is about one thousand.

A LIGHT VOTE IN THE STATE.

The total vote in the city is only 15,735. In the judicial election yesterday McKinstry, Independent candidate for the Supreme Court has a majority of 1,184 over McKee, Democrat, and 1720 over Dwinelle, Republican. He also carries Sacramento, San Jose and Stockton by a large majority, and is elected by a large majority in the State. The vote everywhere is light.

Terrible Prairie Fire!

Twenty-Five Miles Burned Over!

CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH!!

OMAHA, Oct. 16. A terrible prairie fire swept over twenty four miles of the country near the Omaha & Southwestern Railroad, in Sabine and Jefferson counties, Nebraska, Tuesday. Many houses and large quantities of grain were destroyed. At Wilbur ten school children were caught in the flames; three perished on the spot, three more will die, and four were dreadfully maimed but will recover. Mrs. Morley, the mother of three of the children, ran to help them and received fatal injuries.

TENNESSEE

A SHOCKING DEATH.

MEMPHIS, Oct 15. A man named Schaff, who has been down several days with a fever at the Southern Hotel, was seized to-day with the black vomito! Saying he was bound to die, and was determined to die happy, he seized a bottle of brandy drank the contents, drove away the nurses and attendants, smashed things generally about their room, lay down on the bed exhausted and died soon after.

WEST VIRGINIA

A SHOOTING AFFRAY.

WHEELING, Wt. Va. 16. J. J. Sweeney, candidate for Legislature, assaulted and beat O. S. Long, editor of the Register, for an article published yesterday. This morning's is see contained further reflections on Sweeny. To-day Sweeney met Lewis Baker, the proprietor, and Clarkson, local editor, and after some words all three drew revolvers and commenced firing. Baker was slightly wounded, and Clarkson had an arm broken.

COLORADO

A BIG WATERING JOB.

DENVER, Col., 16. A convention of delegates representing most of the far Western States and Territories assembled to-day to consider the subject of irrigation and to devise means by which the great rainless expanse of country between the Missouri and Rocky mountains, as well as the Pacific slope, may be brought under a system of irrigation, so as to make the same valuable to the sections in which it lies as well as to the General Government which owns the greater part of the rainless area.

OREGON

NESMITH'S MAJORITY.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16. A despatch from Salem, Oregon, says that Nesmith (Dem) was elected to Congress by 2,700 majority over Smith (Rep); a Democratic gain of 6,571.

THE WEATHER

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 16—8 P. M.

Probabilities.

For Friday, the low barometer in Northern New England will move eastward over the Gulf of St. Lawrence followed by fresh southwesterly winds, cloudy and rainy weather over the Eastern States, northern portion of the Middle States and Lake Ontario. For Lake Erie and the upper lake region, northwesterly winds, a rising barometer and cloudy or clearing weather.

FOREIGN NEWS.

FRANCE.

THE CHAMBORD INTRIGUE.

PARIS, Oct. 16. The deputation which met the Count de Chambord at Salzburg on the 12th inst, is expected to return to Paris to day. The details of the conference are unknown, but it is believed that the negotiations failed.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A ROWING WAGER.

LONDON, Oct. 16. Reginald Herbert having wagered $5,000 that he could row on the canal from Maidenhead to Westminster bridge, a distance of 50 miles, in twelve hours started at seven o'clock, this morning, he will have to pass through eleven locks.

LATER.

Herbert won the race at Westminster bridge at 4 o clock, three hours in advance of the time allowed.

SPAIN

THE NATIONAL FLEET.

MADRID, Oct. 16 Admiral Lobo took his squadron to Gibralter for coal, without consulting the Government. For this action he has been removed from the command of the fleet operating against the insurgents. The Minister of Marine, Senor Ovelro, has himself assumed the command in the place of Lobo, and will take the squadron back to Cartagena at once. The armament and crew of the Saragossa were materially strengthened while at Gibraltar.

THE DOMINIOS.

THE NEW CABLE.

HALIFAX, Oct. 16. The cable steamer Robert Lowe arrived this morning from Cape Formentine, having successfully laid the new cable between Prince Edward's Island and the main land on the 11th inst.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, Oct 16.

MONEY worked closer nearly all day at 1-16 to 3-16 per cent, but just before bank accounts were made up [illegible] all sat [illegible] Sub-Treasury was [illegible] Gold Exchange Bank [illegible] Clearing House balances [illegible] Gold Room

SUFFICIENT UNTO THE DAY.

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

Because to-day of my days to come,
Shall my heart grow rebel, and my lips be dumb,
In this day that is bright for me?

Because of a subtle sense of pain,
Like a pulse-beat threading through
The blissful hours, shall I dare refrain
From delight in the pure and true?

In the harvest field shall I cease to glean,
Since the bloom of the spring has fled?
Shall I veil mine eyes to the noon-day sheen,
Since the dew of the morn hath sped?

Nay, phantom ill, with the warning hand,
Nay, ghosts of the weary past;
Serene as in armor of faith I stand,
Ye may not hold me fast.

Your shadows across my sun may fall,
But as bright the sun shall shine,
For I walk in a light ye cannot pall,
In the light of the King divine.

And whatever He sends from day to day,
I am sure that it cannot but love,
And he never will let me lose my way
To my rest in His home above.

ALL SORTS AND SIZES.

The Mexican revolution has resumed.

The naval mind of England is agitated by the torpedo question.

You can buy up New York city for a thousand million dollars, if you have it about you.

The Mormons are building a church at Beloit, Iowa.

The connecting link between the animal and vegetable kingdoms—Hash.

Copious showers of manna are reported in Hill county, Texas. It resembles gum, and had all the sweetness and flavor of honey.

An Ohio man became angry because he hadn't a clean shirt, and sold two cows and purchased 132 shirts ready made.

The English agitator, Bradlaugh, don't make much of a sensation. He is too respectable for the radicals and too radical for the respectables.

Lake Champlain has floating bar-rooms, thus escaping the penalties of the Vermont Liquor law.

A Vermont paper says, "Here we are in our new trousers." It "pants" for more subscribers, probably.

Detroit has no need of street lamps now.—Prairie fires in the vicinity illumine the city at night.

A lady reporter sent to an agricultural fair wrote of a lottery new pigs: "They look too sweet to live a minute."

Dr. Pichler, who was transported to Libera for stealing books from the imperial library, has just been pardoned by the Emperor of Russia.

The only break in the line of telegraphic cables to encircle the world in that which is now proposed to supply by the line from San Francisco to Japan.

An Example.—Old Lady—"Be careful with my umbrella, cabman, it's a precious one!" Cabby (gallantly)—"Not so precious as what's walking underneath it mum!"—[Punch.

The richest man in Colorado is said to be a Mexican; but that doesn't account for it.—Perhaps the fact that his wife is a squaw, and dresses Indian fashion, does, though.

Workmen on the two headings of the Hoosac Tunnel have got so near each other that they are afraid of bumping against each other's heads, and yet everybody appears to be happy over it.

Traveling along the seacoast of Florida, a gentleman, noting the barrenness of the country, asked a native "What do you live on here?" "Live on!" replied the man, "why, we live on fish and strangers."

This valuable information is volunteered by the *Lacon Home Journal*: If anybody sees a row of buttons coming down street, let him preserve his equilibrium and think not of supernatural agencies. There's a woman behind them.

The Philadelphia Press says "Presidential candidates for 1877—Oliver Perry Morton, James G. Blaine, Wm. Tecumseh Sherman, Charles Sumner, George S. Boutwell."

In consequence of the decay of the stone it has been discovered that the ornamental stone work of the smaller towers of the British houses of Parliament is in such a state as to cause apprehension for the public safety.

A Kansas county proposes to try the experiment of making no nominations and letting every man run for office who wishes. Before the votes can be counted it will be time for another election, and thus all danger of corruption will be averted.

There are over a hundred battle flags of Indiana regiments in the State Library at Indianapolis. Many of these flags are tattered and torn to such a degree that it is only by preserving the greatest care that the pieces can be held together.

General Baker, Commissioner of Pensions, has issued an order for the preparation of a grand roll of pensioners, which shall begin with the revolutionary period, and embrace all pensioners under all acts of Congress, from the beginning of the government till the present time.

A writer in the New York World has discovered that Nilsson is more careless in the use of Hair Dye since her marriage. We have often noticed that the ladies, after a few years of married life become exceedingly careless as to how they slap their faces around.

Lafayette, Ind., has started a new paper called the Sedge. It has not got much of a contract on its hands. It only takes and solemnly pledges itself to stop the importation, sale and use of liquor; to break down all monopolies; to effect the repeal of the divorce law; to substitute arbitration for war; to promote universal love, to strengthen the moral atmosphere; to purify home economy, school system, and to kill selfish politics; to be fearlessly independent in all, so far as he knows himself, and to be a perpetual war against the Press. The Sedge paper has died in one third of its

The Pizz... Georgia whe... age by an old ... the forms were ... and made read... trained neri... paper progress... pened or a day ... was left to his ... form to press ... intently, turned ... something was ... fe - the tympan ... and looking ore... ping roller boy, ... why for yer don ... form was bottom

Scene.—Paris ... in New York ... ture for the A... ing his adieu ... "Work, Miss ... mean to work" ... you expect to g... "O, I should kn... and run off with ... (crushingly) ... mistake You sh... Collapse of Jed...

The Danbury ... body's toothache ... mi, reaches the h... 100, when the p... dinary degree ... and after that di... must be very co... at night, that ... walnuts spread ... cause there is no

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

CALVIN HOWE, late of Ellington,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.

HENRY M. HOWE.

Ellington, Sept 30, 1873. 41

Administratrix' Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed and has taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

WM. WALTER P. HAMMATT, late of Howland,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to her.

SARAH A. HAMMATT.

Howland, September 30, 1873. 40

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

BETSEY H JOHNSON, late of LaGrange,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him

S. P. JOHNSON.

LaGrange, Sept 30, 1873 40

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of

DEBORAH ELLIS, late of Hampden,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.

ALBERT MURCH.

Hampden, Sept. 30, 1873 41

Administratrix Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed and has taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

JOHN GALVIN, late of Bangor,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to her.

MARGARET GALVIN.

Bangor, Sept 30, 1873. 42

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

JOANNA MARTIN, late of Newport,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him

THOMAS MARTIN

Newport August 26, 1873. 40

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, September Term 1873.

Accounts having been filed for settlement in the Estate of

THOMAS C BURLEIGH, Springfield,

BENJAMIN EVANS, Exeter, — George F Burleigh, Dr'r,

Lorenzo Oak, Adm'r.

SAMUEL H DALE, Bangor, individual partnership, and the partnership of John F Franklin A Wilson and Noah H. Dillingham, Adm'rs

FRANCIS C CARLSON, Orrington, — Lydia A C Carlson Ex'r,

SOLOMON GEE Garland, — Lorenzo Oak, Ex'r,

SUSAN T NORCROSS, Bangor, — A G Wakefield, Adm'r, with will annexed.

In the case of the Guardianship of

NATHANIEL HARLOW, Bangor, — Levi G Marsh, Guardian.

SALLY EAMES, Dexter Plantation, (Guardian.) — Sylvester Randall, Guardian.

LILLIAN RIGOS & al, minors, Greenpond, — Hiram G Addition, Guardian.

ORDERED, That said Accountants give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, and one insertion in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, newspapers published in Bangor, in said County that they may appear in Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in October next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the accounts should not be allowed.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest

ARMORE C. FLINT, Register

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, September Term, A. D. 1873.

Upon the petition of Joel Sparrie, widow of James Sparrie late of LaGrange in said County, deceased, for an allowance out of the personal estate of said deceased, her late husband.

ORDERED, That said widow give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in October next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge

A true copy—Attest

ARMORE C. FLINT, Register

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, September Term, 1873.

Charlotte Farrington, named executrix in a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of Daniel Farrington, late of Holden in said County deceased, having presented the same for probate,

ORDERED, That said Executrix give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in October next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge

A true copy—Attest

ARMORE C. FLINT, Register

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, September Term, A. D. 1873.

Upon the petition of Eben J. Pickering, widow of Daniel Pickering late of Orrington, in said County, deceased, for an Allowance out of the personal estate of which said deceased died possessed.

ORDERED, That said Widow give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in October next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

ARMORE C. FLINT, Register.

A true copy—Attest

ARMORE C. FLINT, Register.

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned Guardian in addition to previous accounts that said Ward has received in Orrington, Bangor, Hampden, Hermon, Glenburn, Kenduskeag, Corinth, Exeter, Garland, Dexter, Sebec, Atkinson, Parkman, Dover, Foxcroft, Guilford, Sangerville, Dover Plantation, Monson, Blanchard, Shirley, Greenville, Beaver Cove, Rockwood, Jackman, Moose River, Long Pond, Rockwood, Brassua, Lake Parlin, Lake Moosehead, Lily Bay, Chesuncook, Caribou, Ashland, Masardis, Oakfield, Sherman, Patten, Stacyton, Mattawamkeag, Winn, Lincoln, Burlington, Carroll, Enfield, Howland, Edinburg, Lagrange, Milford, Old Town, Orono, Stetson, Corinna, Dexter, Frankfort, Frankfort Plantation, Hermon, Levant, Newburg, Plymouth, Prentiss, Seboeis, Stetson, Veazie, Webster, Winterport, Winterport Plantation, Alton, Argyle, Bradley, Brewer, Carmel, Charleston, Clifton, Corinth, Dedham, Eddington, Etna, Glenburn, Greenbush, Holden, Kenduskeag, Levant, Maxfield, Milford, Old Town, Orono, Orrington, Penobscot, Stillwater, Veazie, Yoman, Frankfort, Winterport, Winterport Plantation, Hampden, Newburg, Hermon, Dixmont, Etna, Plymouth, Carmel, Hermon, Garland, Dexter, Exeter, Corinth, Kenduskeag, Bangor, Orono, Veazie, Old Town, Orono, Stillwater, Milford, Old Town, Orono, Veazie, Orono, Veazie, Orono, Veazie